WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1		1.	A pro	cess for hydroforming a tube of ductile solid material
2	the process c	ompris	ing:	
3	· (I)	provi	ding a pr	essure-side fluid and an openable die having an interio
4		surfa	ce of a sh	ape to which it is desired to have the hydroformed par
5		of the	e outer su	arface of the tube of ductile solid material conform afte
6		the tu	ibe has b	een hydroformed;
7	(II)	form	ing over	the outer surface of the tube of ductile solid material
8		coatii	ng of a di	ie-side lubricant selected form the group consisting of
9			1.	a liquid lubricant comprising an oil and a surfactant
10			2.	a solid lubricant comprising a wax wherein the stress
11				value within the solid die-side lubricant 0.75 sec after
12				the compressive stress began to be imposed is at leas
13				540 kPa; the stress value within the solid die-side
14				lubricant 100 sec. after the compressive stress began
15	•			to be imposed is at least 300 kPa; and the residua
16				stress within the solid die-side lubricant 100 sec after
17				the compressive stress began to be imposed is at least
18				75 percent of the maximum stress induced within the
19				solid lubricant at any time up to 100 sec after the
20				stress began to be imposed; and
21			3. mix	tures thereof.
22		(III)	emplac	ing the coated ductile tube within at least a part of said
23			openab	le die and closing the die, so that a portion of the outer
24			surface	of the ductile tube that is desired to be hydroformed
25			is with	in the closed openable die;
26		(IV)	filling	the interior of the tube of ductile solid with a volume
27			of said	pressure-side fluid, so that said pressure-side fluid
28			exerts	essentially equal pressure on all parts of the internal

29		surface of the tube of ductile solid with which the pressure-
30		side fluid is in physical contact; and
31	(V)	applying to said volume of pressure-side fluid filling said
32		interior of the ductile tube, while the ductile tube remains
33		emplaced within the closed openable die as recited in
34		operation (III) above, a sufficient pressure to cause at least a
35		portion of the outer surface of the coated ductile tube to
36		conform to the inner surface of the closed openable die.
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1 :	2. Th	ne process of claim 1, wherein the stress value within the solid
2	die-side lubricant 0.	75 sec after the compressive stress began to be imposed is at
3	least 540 kPa.	
1.	3. Th	ne process of claim 1, wherein the stress value within the solid
2	die-side lubricant 0.	75 sec after the compressive stress began to be imposed is at
3	least 580 kPa.	*
1	4. Th	ne process of claim 1, wherein the stress value within the solid
2	die-side lubricant 10	0 sec. after the compressive stress began to be imposed is at
3	least 450 kPa.	
1	5. Th	ne process of claim 1, wherein the stress value within the solid
2	die-side lubricant 10	00 sec. after the compressive stress began to be imposed is at
3	least 550 kPa.	·
1	6. Th	ne process of claim 1, wherein the residual stress within the solid
2) sec after the compressive stress began to be imposed is at least
3	•	ximum stress induced within the solid lubricant at any time up
4	to 100 sec after the s	stress began to be imposed.

1	7. The process of claim 1, wherein the residual stress within the solid
2	die-side lubricant 100 sec after the compressive stress began to be imposed is at least
3	90 percent of the maximum stress induced within the solid lubricant at any time up
4	to 100 sec after the stress began to be imposed.
1	8. The process of claim 1, wherein the oil is selected from the group
2	consisting of vegetable oils, blown vegetable oils, polymers of vegetable oils, animal
3	oils, and blown animal oils, and mixtures thereof.
1	9. The process of claim 1, wherein the oil is selected from the group
2	consisting of blown canola oil, blown fish oil, canola oil, blown rapeseed oil,
3	naphthenic oil, and mixtures thereof.
1	10. The process of claim 1, wherein the surfactant is a non-ionic
2	surfactant.
1	11 70
1	11. The process of claim 10, wherein the surfactant is selected from
2	the group consisting of vegetable oil ethoxylates, ethoxylates of alkyl alcohols,
3	ethoxylates of acetylenic diols, block copolymers of ethylene and propylene oxides,
4	ethoxylates of alkyl carboxylates, alkyl polyglycosides, and mixtures thereof.
1	10 m
1	12. The process of claim 10, wherein the surfactant is present in an
2	amount of about 0.1% to 10% of the total weight of the liquid film composition.
1	13. The process of claim 10, wherein the surfactant is present in
	The state of the s
2	an amount of about 1.0% to 5% of the total weight of the liquid film composition.
1	14 The process of alain 10 to 1 to 2
2	14. The process of claim 10, wherein the surfactant is present in an amount of about 2.5% of the total weight of the liquid film composition.
_	all alliquit of about 1.7% of the total weight of the liquid film composition

1	15.	The process of claim 1, wherein the wax is selected from the
2	group consisting of	carnauba wax, candelilla wax, montan wax, microcrystalline
3	waxes, solid alcohol	ls, solid esters, and oxidized petroleum waxes.
1	16.	The process of claim 1, wherein the wax is a primary alcohol
2	having at least 18 ca	arbon atoms per molecule.
1	17.	The process of claim 1, wherein the wax is an ester of a
2	primary alcohol hav	ing at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule with an organic acid.
1	18.	The process of claim 1, wherein the organic acid is an
2	unbranched monoac	id, having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule.
1	19.	The process of claim 1, wherein the solid lubricant further
2	comprises a surfacta	nt.
1	20.	The process of claim 19, wherein the surfactant is a non-ionic
2	surfactant.	
1	21.	The process of claim 19, wherein the surfactant is selected
2	from the group consi	sting of vegetable oil ethoxylates, ethoxylates of alkyl alcohols,
3	ethoxylates of acetyle	enic diols, block copolymers of ethylene and propylene oxides,
4	ethoxylates of alkyl	carboxylates, alkyl polyglycosides, and mixtures thereof
1	22.	The process of claim 19, wherein the surfactant is present in
2	an amount of about	0.05% to 10% of the total weight of the dry film composition.
1	23.	The process of claim 19, wherein the surfactant is present in
2	an amount of about 1	1.0% to 5% of the total weight of the dry film composition.
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1	24	The process of claim 19, wherein the surfactant is present in
2	an amount of abo	ut 1% of the total weight of the dry film composition.
1	25	The process of claim 1, wherein the solid lubricant further
2	comprises a wetti	ng agent.
1	26	The process of claim 25 wherein the wetting agent is selected
2	from the group co	onsisting of nonionic fluorosurfactants, anionic fluorosurfactants,
3	ethoxylated tetr	amethyldecynediols, acetylenic glycol-based surfactants,
4	dialkylsulfosuccir	ates, and mixtures thereof.
	•	
1	. 27.	The process of claim 25 wherein the wetting agent is a
2	fluoroaliphatic eth	oxylates.
1	28.	1
2	in an amount of 0	.1% to 1.0% of the weight of the dry film composition.
	•	
1	29.	
2	in an amount of 0	.1% to 0.5% of the weight of the dry film composition.
	:	
1	30.	1 5
2	÷	an oil; and
3		a surfactant,
4	•	erein the liquid film lubricant has the characteristic that the
5		ction is reduced when the liquid film lubricant is wetted as
6	compared to the c	oefficient of friction of the liquid film lubricant is unwetted.
		:
1		The liquid film lubricant of claim 30, wherein the oil is selected
2		onsisting of vegetable oils, blown vegetable oils, polymers of
3	vegetable oils, ani	mal oils, and blown animal oils. and mixtures thereof.

1	32. The liquid film lubricant 30, wherein the oil is selected from the
2	group consisting of blown canola oil, blown fish oil, canola oil, blown rapeseed oil,
3	naphthenic oil, and mixtures thereof.
1	33. The liquid film lubricant of claim 30, wherein the surfactant is
2	a non-ionic surfactant.
1	34. The liquid film lubricant of claim 33, wherein the surfactant is
2 .	selected from the group consisting of vegetable oil ethoxylates, ethoxylates of alkyl
3	alcohols, ethoxylates of acetylenic diols, block copolymers of ethylene and
4	propylene oxides, ethoxylaters of alkyl carboxylates, alkyl polyglycosides and
5	mixtures thereof.
1	35. The liquid film lubricant of claim 33, wherein the surfactant is
2	present in an amount of about 0.1% to 10% of the total weight of the liquid film
3	lubricant.
1	36. The liquid film lubricant of claim 33, wherein the surfactant
2	is present in an amount of about 1.0% to 5% of the total weight of the liquid film
3	lubricant.
1	37. The liquid film lubricant composition of claim 33, wherein the
2	surfactant is present in an amount of about 2.5% of the total weight of the liquid film
3	lubricant.
1	38. A solid film lubricant comprising:
2	a wax; and
3	a surfactant,
4	wherein the solid film lubricant has the characteristic that the

5 coefficient of friction is reduced when the solid film lubricant is wetted as compared 6 to the coefficient of friction of the solid film lubricant is unwetted. 1 39. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the wax is 2 selected from the group consisting of carnauba wax, candelilla wax, montan wax, 3 microcrystalline waxes, solid alcohols, solid esters, and oxidized petroleum waxes. 1 40. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the wax is a 2 primary alcohols having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule. 1 41. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the wax is an 2 ester of a primary alcohol having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule with an 3 organic acid. 1 42. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the organic acid 2 is an unbranched monoacid, having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule. 1 43. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the surfactant 2 is a non-ionic surfactant. 1 44. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the surfactant is selected from the group consisting of vegetable oil ethoxylates, ethoxylates of 2 alkyl alcohols, ethoxylates of acetylenic diols, block copolymers of ethylene and 3 propylene oxides, ethoxylates of alkyl carboxylates, alkyl polyglycosides and 4 5 mixtures thereof. 1 45. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the surfactant 2 is present in an amount of about 0.05% to 10% of the total weight of the dry film 3 composition.

l	46. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the surfactant
2	is present in an amount of about 1.0% to 5% of the total weight of the solid film
3	lubricant.
1	42. The solid film lubricant of claim 38, wherein the surfactant
2	is present in an amount of about 1% of the total weight of the solid film lubricant.
1	43. The solid film lubricant of claim 38 further comprising a
2	wetting agent.
1	44. The solid film lubricant of claim 43 wherein the wetting agent
2	is selected from the group consisting of nonionic fluorosurfactants, anionic
3	fluorosurfactants, ethoxylated tetramethyldecynediols, dialkylsulfosuccinates, and
4	mixtures thereof.
1	45. The solid film lubricant of claim 43 wherein the wetting agent
2	is a fluoroaliphatic ethoxylate.
1	46. The solid film lubricant of claim 43 wherein the wetting agent
2	is a present in an amount of 0.1% to 1.0% of the weight of the dry film
3	composition.
1	47. The solid film lubricant of claim 43 wherein the wetting agent
2	is a present in an amount of 0.1% to 0.5% of the weight of the dry film
3	composition.
1	48. A solid film lubricant comprising:
2	a wax; and
3	a wetting agent,
4	wherein the solid film lubricant has the characteristic that the

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6 to the coefficient of friction of the solid film lubricant is unwetted. 1 49. The solid film lubricant of claim 48, wherein the wax is 2 selected from the group consisting of carnauba wax, candelilla wax, montan wax, 3 microcrystalline waxes, solid alcohols, solid esters, and oxidized petroleum waxes. 50. The solid film lubricant of claim 48, wherein the wax is a 1 2 primary alcohols having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule. 51. 1 The solid film lubricant of claim 48, wherein the wax is an 2 ester of a primary alcohol having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule with an 3 organic acid. 1 The solid film lubricant of claim 48, wherein the organic acid 52. is an unbranched monoacid, having at least 18 carbon atoms per molecule. 2 1 53. The solid film lubricant of claim 48 wherein the wetting agent 2 is selected from the group consisting of nonionic fluorosurfactants, anionic 3 fluorosurfactants, ethoxylated tetramethyldecynediols, acetylenic glycol-based surfactants, dialkylsulfosuccinates, and mixtures thereof. 4 1 54. The solid film lubricant of claim 48 wherein the wetting agent 2 is a fluoroaliphatic ethoxylate. 1 55. The solid film lubricant of claim 48 wherein the wetting agent is a present in an amount of 0.1% to 1.0% of the weight of the dry film 2 3 composition.

coefficient of friction is reduced when the solid film lubricant is wetted as compared

- 1 56. The solid film lubricant of claim 48 wherein the wetting agent
- 2 is a present in an amount of 0.1% to 0.5% of the weight of the dry film
- 3 composition.